



The Mercian Trust

Data Protection Policy

Policy Owner	The Mercian Trust
Policy Author	SchoolPro TLC
Date Ratified by Trust Board	December 2020
	This policy is currently under review as part of the Trust merger process with Q3 academies.
Date to be Reviewed:	The policy details contained within the document have previously been ratified by the board and remain in place whilst the merger review is being undertaken.
Date Adopted	December 2020

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1. Aims

Our Trust aims to ensure that all personal data collected about staff, pupils, parents, governors, visitors and other individuals is collected, stored and processed in accordance with the <u>General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR)</u> and the expected provisions of the Data Protection Act 2018 (DPA 2018) as set out in the <u>Data Protection Bill</u>.

This policy applies to all personal data, regardless of whether it is in paper or electronic format.

2. Legislation and Guidance

This policy meets the requirements of the GDPR and the expected provisions of the DPA 2018. It is based on guidance published by the Information Commissioner's Office (ICO) on the <u>GDPR</u> and the ICO's <u>code of practice</u> for subject access requests. It also reflects the ICO's <u>code of practice</u> for the use of surveillance cameras and personal information.

In addition, this policy complies with regulation 5 of the <u>Education (Pupil Information) (England)</u> Regulations 2005, which gives parents the right of access to their child's educational record.

3. Definitions

Term	Definition
Personal data	Any information relating to an identified, or identifiable, individual. This may include the individual's: • Name (including initials) • Identification number • Location data • Online identifier, such as a username It may also include factors specific to the individual's physical, physiological, genetic, mental, economic, cultural or social identity.
Special categories of personal data	Personal data which is more sensitive and so needs more protection, including information about an individual's: Racial or ethnic origin Political opinions Religious or philosophical beliefs Trade union membership Genetics Biometrics (such as fingerprints, retina and iris patterns), where used for identification purposes Health – physical or mental Sex life or sexual orientation
Processing	Anything done to personal data, such as collecting, recording, organising, structuring, storing, adapting, altering, retrieving, using, disseminating, erasing or destroying. Processing can be automated or manual.
Data subject	The identified or identifiable individual whose personal data is held or processed.
Data controller	A person or organisation that determines the purposes and the means of processing of personal data.
Data processor	A person or other body, other than an employee of the data controller, who processes personal data on behalf of the data controller.
Personal data breach	A breach of security leading to the accidental or unlawful destruction, loss, alteration, unauthorised disclosure of, or access to personal data.
Public task	the processing is necessary for you to perform a task in the public interest or for your official functions, and the task or function has a clear basis in law

4. The Data Controller

The Mercian Trust processes personal data relating to parents, pupils, staff, governors, visitors and others, and therefore is a data controller.

The Trust is registered as a data controller with the ICO and will renew this registration annually or as otherwise legally required.

5. Roles and Responsibilities

This policy applies to **all staff** employed by our Trust and to external organisations or individuals working on our behalf. Staff who do not comply with this policy may face disciplinary action.

5.1 MAT Trust

The Mercian Trust trustees have overall responsibility for ensuring that our school complies with all relevant data protection obligations.

5.2 Data Protection Officer

The Data Protection Officer (DPO) is responsible for overseeing the implementation of this policy, monitoring our compliance with data protection law, and developing related policies and guidelines where applicable.

Our DPO is SchoolPro TLC Limited and is contactable via GDPR@SchoolPro.uk

The DPO is the first point of contact for individuals whose data the school processes, and for the ICO. They will also provide trustees with their advice and recommendations on school data protection issues.

5.3 Trust Data Protection Lead and School Data Protection Lead

The Trust has appointed a Trust Data Protection Lead ("TDPL").

Our TDPL is James Fendek, and he can be contacted via GDPR@the.merciantrust.org

The TDPL is responsible for working with the DPO to ensure compliance with the Data Protection Legislation and with this policy. Any internal questions about the operation of this policy or any concerns that the policy has not been followed should be referred to the TDPL.

Each school within the Trust has appointed a **School Data Protection Lead ("SDPL").** The SDPL works with the TDPL and the DPO to ensure local compliance with GDPR.

The SDPL is responsible for ensuring local compliance with the Data Protection Legislation and with this policy.

5.4 All Staff

Staff are responsible for:

- Collecting, storing and processing any personal data in accordance with this policy
- Informing the school of any changes to their personal data, such as a change of address
- Contacting the DPO in the following circumstances:

- With any questions about the operation of this policy, data protection law, retaining personal data or keeping personal data secure
- If they have any concerns that this policy is not being followed
- If they are unsure whether or not they have a lawful basis to use personal data in a particular way
- If they need to rely on or capture consent, draft a privacy notice, deal with data protection rights invoked by an individual, or transfer personal data outside the European Economic Area
- If there has been a data breach
- Whenever they are engaging in a new activity that may affect the privacy rights of individuals
- If they need help with any contracts or sharing personal data with third parties

6. Data Protection Principles

The GDPR is based on data protection principles that our Trust must comply with.

The principles say that personal data must be:

- Processed lawfully, fairly and in a transparent manner
- Collected for specified, explicit and legitimate purposes
- Adequate, relevant and limited to what is necessary to fulfil the purposes for which it is processed
- Accurate and, where necessary, kept up to date
- Kept for no longer than is necessary for the purposes for which it is processed
- Processed in a way that ensures it is appropriately secure

This policy sets out how the school aims to comply with these principles.

7. Collecting Personal Data

7.1 Lawfulness, Fairness and Transparency

We will only process personal data where we have one of 6 'lawful bases' (legal reasons) to do so under data protection law:

- The data needs to be processed so that the Trust can fulfil a contract with the individual, or the individual has asked the Trust to take specific steps before entering into a contract
- The data needs to be processed so that the Trust can comply with a legal obligation
- The data needs to be processed to ensure the vital interests of the individual e.g. to protect someone's life
- The data needs to be processed so that the Trust, as a public authority, can perform a task in the public interest, and carry out its official functions
- The data needs to be processed for the **legitimate interests** of the Trust or a third party (provided the individual's rights and freedoms are not overridden)
- The individual (or their parent/carer when appropriate in the case of a pupil) has freely given clear **consent**

For special categories of personal data, we will also meet one of the special category conditions for processing which are set out in the GDPR and Data Protection Act 2018.

If we offer online services to pupils, such as classroom apps, we intend to rely on Public Task as a basis for processing, where this is not appropriate we will get parental consent for processing (except for online counselling and preventive services).

Whenever we first collect personal data directly from individuals, we will provide them with the relevant information required by data protection law.

7.2 Limitation, Minimisation and Accuracy

We will only collect personal data for specified, explicit and legitimate reasons. We will explain these reasons to the individuals when we first collect their data.

If we want to use personal data for reasons other than those given when we first obtained it, we will inform the individuals concerned before we do so, and seek consent where necessary.

Staff must only process personal data where it is necessary in order to do their jobs.

When staff no longer need the personal data they hold, they must ensure it is deleted or anonymised. This will be done in accordance with the Trust's record retention schedule.

8. Sharing Personal Data

We will not normally share personal data with anyone else, but may do so where:

- There is an issue with a pupil or parent/carer that puts the safety of our staff at risk
- We need to liaise with other agencies we may seek consent if necessary before doing this
- Our suppliers or contractors need data to enable us to provide services to our staff and pupils – for example, IT and communication companies, education support companies, and those that provide tools for learning. When doing this, we will:
 - Only appoint suppliers or contractors which can provide sufficient guarantees that they comply with data protection law
 - Establish a data sharing agreement with the supplier or contractor, either in the contract or as a standalone agreement, to ensure the fair and lawful processing of any personal data we share
 - Only share data that the supplier or contractor needs to carry out their service, and information necessary to keep them safe while working with us

We will also share personal data with law enforcement and government bodies where we are legally required to do so, including for:

- DFE data census returns
- The prevention or detection of crime and/or fraud
- The apprehension or prosecution of offenders
- The assessment or collection of tax owed to HMRC
- In connection with legal proceedings
- Where the disclosure is required to satisfy our safeguarding obligations
- For pension purposes
- Research and statistical purposes, as long as personal data is sufficiently anonymised or consent has been provided

We may also share personal data with emergency services and local authorities to help them to respond to an emergency situation that affects any of our pupils or staff.

Where we transfer personal data to a country or territory outside the European Economic Area, we will do so in accordance with data protection law.

9. Subject Access Requests and Other Rights of Individuals

9.1 Subject Access Requests

Individuals have a right to make a 'subject access request' to gain access to personal information that the school holds about them. This includes:

- Confirmation that their personal data is being processed
- Access to a copy of the data
- The purposes of the data processing
- The categories of personal data concerned
- Who the data has been, or will be, shared with
- How long the data will be stored for, or if this isn't possible, the criteria used to determine this period
- The source of the data, if not the individual
- Whether any automated decision-making is being applied to their data, and what the significance and consequences of this might be for the individual

Subject access requests must be submitted in writing, either by letter, email or fax to the DPO.

They should include:

- Name of individual
- Correspondence address
- · Contact number and email address
- Details of the information requested

If staff receive a subject access request they must immediately forward it to the **DPO or TDPL**.

9.2 Children and Subject Access Requests

Personal data about a child belongs to that child, and not the child's parents or carers. For a parent or carer to make a subject access request with respect to their child, the child must either be unable to understand their rights and the implications of a subject access request, or have given their consent.

Children below the age of 12 are generally not regarded to be mature enough to understand their rights and the implications of a subject access request. Therefore, most subject access requests from parents or carers of pupils below the age of 12 at our Trust may be granted without the express permission of the pupil. This is not a rule and a pupil's ability to understand their rights will always be judged on a case-by-case basis.

9.3 Responding to Subject Access Requests

When responding to requests, we:

- May ask the individual to provide 2 forms of identification
- May contact the individual via phone to confirm the request was made
- Will respond without delay and within 1 month of receipt of the request
- Will provide the information free of charge

May tell the individual we will comply within 3 months of receipt of the request, where a
request is complex or numerous. We will inform the individual of this within 1 month, and
explain why the extension is necessary

We will not disclose information if it:

- Might cause serious harm to the physical or mental health of the pupil or another individual
- Would reveal that the child is at risk of abuse, where the disclosure of that information would not be in the child's best interests
- Is contained in adoption or parental order records
- Is given to a court in proceedings concerning the child

If the request is unfounded or excessive, we may refuse to act on it, or charge a reasonable fee which takes into account administrative costs.

A request will be deemed to be unfounded or excessive if it is repetitive or asks for further copies of the same information.

When we refuse a request, we will tell the individual why, and tell them they have the right to complain to the ICO.

9.4 Other Data Protection Rights of the Individual

In addition to the right to make a subject access request (see above), and to receive information when we are collecting their data about how we use and process it (see section 7), individuals also have the right to:

- Withdraw their consent to processing at any time, where consent is the basis for processing
- Ask us to rectify, erase or restrict processing of their personal data, or object to the processing of it (in certain circumstances)
- Prevent use of their personal data for direct marketing
- Challenge processing which has been justified on the basis of public interest
- Request a copy of agreements under which their personal data is transferred outside of the European Economic Area
- Object to decisions based solely on automated decision making or profiling (decisions taken with no human involvement, that might negatively affect them)
- Prevent processing that is likely to cause damage or distress
- Be notified of a data breach in certain circumstances
- Make a complaint to the ICO
- Ask for their personal data to be transferred to a third party in a structured, commonly used and machine-readable format (in certain circumstances)

Individuals should submit any request to exercise these rights to the **TDPL or DPO**. If staff receive such a request, they must immediately forward it to the **TDPL or DPO**.

10. Parental Requests to see the Educational Record

Parents, or those with parental responsibility, have a legal right to free access to their child's educational records.

11. Biometric Recognition Systems

Where we use pupils' biometric data as part of an automated biometric recognition system (for example, pupils use finger prints to receive school dinners instead of paying with cash, we will comply with the requirements of the <u>Protection of Freedoms Act 2012</u>.

Parents/carers will be notified before any biometric recognition system is put in place or before their child first takes part in it. The school will get written consent from at least one parent or carer before we take any biometric data from their child and first process it.

Parents/carers and pupils have the right to choose not to use the school's biometric system(s). We will provide alternative means of accessing the relevant services for those pupils, for example by issuing pin numbers.

Parents/carers and pupils can object to participation in the school's biometric recognition system(s), or withdraw consent, at any time, and we will make sure that any relevant data already captured is deleted.

As required by law, if a pupil refuses to participate in, or continue to participate in, the processing of their biometric data, we will not process that data irrespective of any consent given by the pupil's parent(s)/carer(s).

Where staff members or other adults use the school's biometric system(s), we will also obtain their consent before they first take part in it, and provide alternative means of accessing the relevant service if they object. Staff and other adults can also withdraw consent at any time, and the school will delete any relevant data already captured.

12. CCTV

We use CCTV in various locations around the school site to ensure it remains safe. We will adhere to the ICO's code of practice for the use of CCTV.

We do not need to ask individuals' permission to use CCTV, but we make it clear where individuals are being recorded. Security cameras are clearly visible and accompanied by prominent signs explaining that CCTV is in use.

Any enquiries about the CCTV system should be directed to the SDPL / TDPL.

13. Photographs and Videos

As part of our Trust activities, we may take photographs and record images of individuals within our schools/Trust.

We will not seek consent from parents/carers for photographs and videos to be taken of their child for educational purposes for use in the classroom and any learning environment. We will process these images under the legal basis of Public Task.

We will obtain written consent from parents/carers for photographs and videos to be taken of their child for communication, marketing and promotional materials. We will clearly explain how the photograph and/or video will be used to both the parent/carer and pupil.

Uses may include:

- Within school on public area notice boards and in school magazines, brochures, newsletters, etc.
- Outside of school by external agencies such as the school photographer, newspapers, campaigns
- Online on our school website or social media pages

Consent can be refused or withdrawn at any time. If consent is withdrawn, we will delete the photograph or video and not distribute it further.

When using photographs and videos in this way we will not usually accompany them with any other personal information about the child, to ensure they cannot be identified.

See our Child Protection and Safeguarding Policies for more information on our use of photographs and videos.

14. Data Protection by Design and Default

We will put measures in place to show that we have integrated data protection into all of our data processing activities, including:

- Appointing a suitably qualified DPO, and ensuring they have the necessary resources to fulfil their duties and maintain their expert knowledge
- Only processing personal data that is necessary for each specific purpose of processing, and always in line with the data protection principles set out in relevant data protection law (see section 6)
- Completing privacy impact assessments where the Trust's processing of personal data presents a high risk to rights and freedoms of individuals, and when introducing new technologies (the DPO will advise on this process)
- Integrating data protection into internal documents including this policy, any related policies and privacy notices
- Regularly training members of staff on data protection law, this policy, any related policies and any other data protection matters; we will also keep a record of attendance
- Regularly conducting reviews and audits to test our privacy measures and make sure we are compliant
- Maintaining records of our processing activities, including:
 - For the benefit of data subjects, making available the name and contact details of our school/Trust and DPO and all information we are required to share about how we use and process their personal data (via our privacy notices)
 - For all personal data that we hold, maintaining an internal record of the type of data, data subject, how and why we are using the data, any third-party recipients, how and why we are storing the data, retention periods and how we are keeping the data secure.

15. Data Security and Storage of Records

We will protect personal data and keep it safe from unauthorised or unlawful access, alteration, processing or disclosure, and against accidental or unlawful loss, destruction or damage.

In particular:

- Paper-based records and portable electronic devices, such as laptops and hard drives that contain personal data are kept under lock and key when not in use
- Papers containing confidential personal data must not be left on office and classroom desks, on staffroom tables, pinned to notice/display boards, or left anywhere else where there is general access
- Where personal information needs to be taken off site, staff must follow the relevant school/Trust procedures and ensure all records and copies are returned to the school
- Passwords that are at least 8 characters long containing letters and numbers are used to access school computers, laptops and other electronic devices. Staff and pupils are reminded to change their passwords at regular intervals

- Encryption software is used to protect all portable devices and removable media, such as laptops and USB devices
- Staff, pupils or governors who store personal information on their personal devices are expected to follow the same security procedures as for school-owned equipment.
- Where we need to share personal data with a third party, we carry out due diligence and take reasonable steps to ensure it is stored securely and adequately protected (see section 8)

16. Disposal of Records

Personal data that is no longer needed will be disposed of securely. Personal data that has become inaccurate or out of date will also be disposed of securely, where we cannot or do not need to rectify or update it.

For example, we will shred or incinerate paper-based records, and overwrite or delete electronic files. We may also use a third party to safely dispose of records on the Trust's behalf. If we do so, we will require the third party to provide sufficient guarantees that it complies with data protection law.

17. Personal Data Breaches

The Trust will make all reasonable endeavours to ensure that there are no personal data breaches.

In the unlikely event of a suspected data breach, we will follow the procedure set out in appendix 1.

When appropriate, we will report the data breach to the ICO within <u>72 hours</u>. Such breaches in a school/Trust context may include, but are not limited to:

- A non-anonymised dataset being published on the school website which shows the exam results of pupils eligible for the pupil premium
- Safeguarding information being made available to an unauthorised person
- The theft of a school laptop containing non-encrypted personal data about pupils

18. Training

All staff and governors are provided with data protection information as part of their induction process and further training opportunities regularly provided.

Data protection will also form part of continuing professional development, where changes to legislation, guidance or the school's processes make it necessary.

19. Monitoring Arrangements

This policy will be reviewed and updated annually and shared with the full governing board.

20. Links with Other Policies

This data protection policy is linked to all major statutory policies across the Trust.

Appendix 1: Personal Data Breach Procedure

This procedure is based on guidance on personal data breaches produced by the ICO.

- On finding or causing a breach, or potential breach, the staff member or data processor must immediately notify the School Data Protection Lead or Trust Data Protection Lead.
- The <u>Breach Notification Form</u> (Appendix 2) must be completed in every case of a suspected breach, and retained securely, whether or not a decision is ultimately made to report the data breach. This will act as evidence as to the considerations of the Trust in deciding whether or not to report the breach.
- The SDPL or TDPL will investigate the report, and determine whether a breach has occurred. To decide, the TDPL will consider whether personal data has been accidentally or unlawfully:
 - Lost
 - Stolen
 - Destroyed
 - Altered
 - Disclosed or made available where it should not have been
 - Made available to unauthorised people
- The TDPL will seek advice from the DPO.
- The TDPL will make all reasonable efforts to contain and minimise the impact of the breach, assisted by the DPO and relevant staff members or data processors where necessary. (Actions relevant to specific data types are set out at the end of this procedure)
- The DPO will assess the potential consequences, based on how serious they are, and how likely they are to happen based on the TDPL's investigation to advise the TDPL further
- The DPO in conjunction with the TDPL, will work out whether the breach must be reported to the ICO. This must be judged on a case-by-case basis. To decide, the DPO will consider whether the breach is likely to negatively affect people's rights and freedoms, and cause them any physical, material or non-material damage (e.g. emotional distress), including through:
 - Loss of control over their data
 - Discrimination
 - Identify theft or fraud
 - Financial loss
 - Unauthorised reversal of pseudonymisation (for example, key-coding)
 - Damage to reputation
 - Loss of confidentiality
 - Any other significant economic or social disadvantage to the individual(s) concerned

If it's likely that there will be a risk to people's rights and freedoms, the DPO will notify the ICO.

- The TDPL will document the decision (either way), in case it is challenged at a later date by the ICO or an individual affected by the breach. Documented decisions are stored in the Breach-Log document in electronic format.
- Where the ICO must be notified, the DPO or TDPL will do this via the <u>'report a breach'</u> page of the ICO website. As required, the report will set out:

- A description of the nature of the personal data breach including, where possible:
 - o The categories and approximate number of individuals concerned
 - The categories and approximate number of personal data records concerned
- The name and contact details of the DPO
- A description of the likely consequences of the personal data breach
- A description of the measures that have been, or will be taken, to deal with the breach and mitigate any possible adverse effects on the individual(s) concerned
- If all the above details are not yet known, the Trust will report as much as they can within 72 hours. The report will explain that there is a delay, the reasons why, and when the they expect to have further information. The TDPL or DPO will submit the remaining information as soon as possible
- The Trust will also assess the risk to individuals, again based on the severity and likelihood
 of potential or actual impact. If the risk is high, the Trust will promptly inform, in writing, all
 individuals whose personal data has been breached. This notification will set out:
 - The name and contact details of the DPO
 - A description of the likely consequences of the personal data breach
 - A description of the measures that have been, or will be, taken to deal with the data breach and mitigate any possible adverse effects on the individual(s) concerned
- The Trust will notify any relevant third parties who can help mitigate the loss to individuals for example, the police, insurers, banks or credit card companies
- In the event of an event being reported to the ICO, the TDPL will alert The Mercian Trust's MAT Central.
- The Trust will document each breach, irrespective of whether it is reported to the ICO. For each breach, this record will include the:
 - Facts and cause
 - Effects
 - Action taken to contain it and ensure it does not happen again (such as establishing more robust processes or providing further training for individuals)

Records of all breaches will be stored in the Breach-Log document in electronic format and reported to trustees at least annually.

• The DPO and TDPL will review what happened and how it can be stopped from happening again. This will happen as soon as reasonably possible

Actions to Minimise the Impact of Data Breaches

We will take the actions set out below to mitigate the impact of different types of data breach, focusing especially on breaches involving particularly risky or sensitive information. We will review the effectiveness of these actions and amend them as necessary after any data breach.

Sensitive information being disclosed via email (including safeguarding records)

- If special category data (sensitive information) is accidently made available via email to unauthorised individuals, the sender must attempt to recall the email as soon as they become aware of the error
- Members of staff who receive personal data sent in error must alert the sender and the TDPL AND DPO as soon as they become aware of the error

- If the sender is unavailable or cannot recall the email for any reason, the TDPL / DPO will ask the ICT department to recall it
- In any cases where the recall is unsuccessful, the DPO will contact the relevant unauthorised individuals who received the email, explain that the information was sent in error, and request that those individuals delete the information and do not share, publish, save or replicate it in any way
- The DPO will ensure we receive a written response from all the individuals who received the data, confirming that they have complied with this request
- The DPO will carry out an internet search to check that the information has not been made public; if it has, we will contact the publisher/website owner or administrator to request that the information is removed from their website and deleted

Other types of breach might include:

- Details of pupil premium children being published on the school website
- Non-anonymised pupil data or staff pay information being shared with governors
- A school laptop containing non-encrypted sensitive personal data being stolen or hacked.

Appendix 2: Breach Notification Report

- All members of our workforce are responsible for sharing all information relating to a data breach with the TDPL, which will enable the Breach Notification Report Form to be completed.
- When completing the attached Breach Notification Report Form all mandatory (*) fields must completed, and as much detail as possible should be provided.
- The TDPL may require individuals involved in relation to a data breach to each complete relevant parts of the Breach Notification Form as part of the investigation into the data breach.
- If any member of our **workforce** is unable to provide information when requested by the TDPL then this should be clearly reflected in the Breach Notification Form together with an indication as to if and when such information may be available.
- In the wake of a data protection breach, swift containment and recovery of the situation is vital. Every effort should be taken to minimise the potential impact on affected individuals, and details of the steps taken to achieve this should be included in this form.
- The ICO requires that the Trust send the completed Breach Notification Form to casework@ico.org.uk, with 'DPA breach notification form' in the subject field, or by post to: The Information Commissioner's Office, Wycliffe House, Water Lane, Wilmslow, Cheshire SK9 5AF.

Data Breach Notification Report

1. Organisation Details

Name of Organisation	The Mercian Trust
ICO Registration Number	ZA290740
Data Protection Officer	SchoolPro TLC
Contact Details	GDPR@SchoolPro.co.uk

2. Details of the data protection breach

Set out the details of the breach and ensure that all mandatory (*) fields are completed.

(a)	* Please describe the incident in as much detail as possible.
(b)	* When did the incident happen?
(c)	* How did the incident happen?
(d)	If there has been a delay in reporting the incident to the ICO please explain your reasons for this.

(e)	What measures did the organisation have in place to prevent an incident of this nature occurring?
(f)	Please provide extracts of any policies and procedures considered relevant to this incident, and explain which of these were in existence at the time this incident occurred. Please provide the dates on which they were implemented.
Set out	ails of the Personal Data placed at risk the details of the personal data placed at risk as a result of the breach and ensure that all mandator as are completed.
(a)	* What personal data has been placed at risk? Please specify if any financial or special category (sensitive) personal data has been affected and provide details of the extent.
(b)	* How many individuals have been affected?
(c)	* Are the affected individuals aware that the incident has occurred?
(d)	* What are the potential consequences and adverse effects on those individuals?
(e)	Have any affected individuals complained to the School / Trust about the incident?

4. Containment and recovery

(b)

(c)

Set out the details of any steps the School / Trust has taken to contain the breach and/or to recover the personal data and ensure that all mandatory (*) fields are completed.

(a)	* Has the [Trust/Academy/School] taken any action to minimise/mitigate the effect on the affected individuals? If so, please provide details.
(b)	* Has the data placed at risk now been recovered? If so, please provide details of how and when this occurred.
(c)	What steps has the [Trust/Academy/School] taken to prevent a recurrence of this incident?
5 T	
5. i rair	ning and guidance
	the details of any steps the [Trust/Academy/School] has taken to contain the breach and/or to the personal data and ensure that all mandatory (*) fields are completed.
(a)	As the data controller, does the [Trust/Academy/School] provide its staff with training on the requirements of Data Protection Legislation? If so, please provide any extracts relevant to this incident here.

Please confirm if training is mandatory for all staff. Had the staff members involved in

As the data controller, does the [Trust/Academy/School] provide any detailed guidance

to staff on the handling of personal data in relation to the incident you are reporting? If

this incident received training and if so when?

so, please provide any extracts relevant to this incident here.

6. Previous contact with the ICO

(a)	* Have you reported any previous incidents to the ICO in the last two years?
	YES / NO
(b)	If the answer to the above question is yes, please provide: brief details, the date on which the matter was reported and, where known, the ICO reference number.
7. Misc	ellaneous
(a)	Have you notified any other (overseas) data protection authorities about this incident? If so, please provide details.
(b)	Have you informed the Police about this incident? If so, please provide further details and specify the Force concerned.
(c)	Have you informed any other regulatory bodies about this incident? If so, please provide details.
(d)	Has there been any media coverage of the incident? If so, please provide details of this.
This form was completed on behalf of The Mercian Trust by:	
Name	
Role	
Date and Time	